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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A method for recovering missing data in a digital signal, comprising the steps of:
- (a) grouping non-missing data elements in at least one region in which at
 least some data is missing into n layers, where n is an integer greater than or equal to 1;
 - (b) assigning an initial value to each missing data element in the at least one region; and
 - (c) for each of the n layers
 - (c)(1) evaluating a plurality of orthogonal transforms over layer n,
 - (c)(2) thresholding select transform coefficients in layer n using a threshold to determine a set of transform coefficients that have absolute values below the threshold,
 - (c)(3) constructing a selection matrix using the set of transform coefficients determined in (c)(2),
 - (c)(4) constructing a system of linear equations based on the selection matrix constructed in (c)(3), and
 - (c)(5) solving the system of linear equations constructed in (c)(4) to solve for the missing data elements in layer n.
- 20 2. The method of claim 1, wherein each of operations (c)(1) through (c)(5) is performed only once per layer.
 - 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the thresholding comprises hard-thresholding.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the at least one region in which at least some data is missing contains at least one of an edge or a texture feature.

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- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the plurality of orthogonal transforms comprises (i) a discrete cosine transform and a predetermined number of its overcomplete shifts, (ii) a wavelet transform and a predetermined number of its overcomplete shifts, or (iii) a Fourier transform and a predetermined number of its overcomplete shifts.
- 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the digital signal is an image or video frame comprised of a plurality of pixels and the at least one region in which at least some data is missing comprises at least some pixels that are missing.
- 7. The method of claim 6, wherein all of the pixels from the at least one region are missing.
 - 8. A method for recovering missing data in a digital signal representing an image, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) adaptively determining a selection matrix for each of n layers of a region in which at least some data is missing, n being an integer greater than or equal to 1;
 - (b) constructing a system of linear equations based on each selection matrix; and
 - (c) solving each constructed system of linear equations to solve for the missing data in the corresponding layer n.
- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein the selection matrix for each of *n* layers is adaptively determined based on the image and information in an area surrounding the region in which at least some data is missing.
 - 10. The method of claim 8, wherein the selection matrix for each of n layers is adaptively determined by adaptively determining, based on the image and information in an area surrounding the region in which at least some data is missing, a set of transform coefficients that have absolute values below a threshold, and then determining the corresponding selection matrix therefrom.

11. An apparatus for predicting lost regions in a digital representation, the apparatus comprising one or more components configured to:

group non-missing data elements in at least one region in which at least some data is missing into n layers, where n is an integer greater than or equal to 1;

assign an initial value to each missing data element in the at least one region; and

for each of the n layers

- (1) evaluate a plurality of orthogonal transforms over layer n,
- (2) threshold select transform coefficients in layer n using a threshold to determine a set of transform coefficients that have absolute values below the threshold,
 - (3) construct a selection matrix using the set of transform coefficients determined in (2),
- (4) construct a system of linear equations based on the selection matrix constructed in (3), and
 - (5) solving the system of linear equations constructed in (4) to solve for the missing data elements in layer n.
 - 12. The apparatus of claim 11, wherein each of the operations (1) through (5) is performed only once per layer.
- 20 13. The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the threshold operation comprises hard-thresholding.
 - 14. The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the at least one region in which at least some data is missing contains at least one of an edge or a texture feature.
- 15. The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the plurality of orthogonal transforms comprises (i) a discrete cosine transform and a predetermined number of its overcomplete shifts, (ii) a wavelet transform and a predetermined number of its

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overcomplete shifts, or (iii) a Fourier transform and a predetermined number of its overcomplete shifts.

- 16. The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the digital signal is an image or video frame comprised of a plurality of pixels and the at least one region in which at least some data is missing comprises at least some pixels that are missing.
- 17. The apparatus of claim 16, wherein all of the pixels from the at least one region are missing.
- 18. An apparatus for predicting lost regions in a digital representation, the apparatus comprising one or more components configured to:
- adaptively determine a selection matrix for each of n layers of a region in which at least some data is missing, n being an integer greater than or equal to 1;

construct a system of linear equations based on each selection matrix; and

solve each constructed system of linear equations to solve for the missing data in the corresponding layer n.

- 19. The apparatus of claim 18, wherein the one or more components configured to adaptively determine a selection matrix for each of *n* layers is configured to adaptively determine each selection matrix based on the image and information in an area surrounding the region in which at least some data is missing.
 - 20. The apparatus of claim 18, wherein the one or more components configured to adaptively determine a selection matrix for each of *n* layers is configured to adaptively determine, based on the image and information in an area surrounding the region in which at least some data is missing, a set of transform coefficients that have absolute values below a threshold, and then determine the corresponding selection matrix therefrom.
- 25 21. A machine-readable medium having a program of instructions for directing a machine to perform a process of predicting lost regions in a digital representation, the program comprising:

- (a) instructions for grouping non-missing data elements in at least one region in which at least some data is missing into n layers, where n is an integer greater than or equal to 1;
- (b) instructions for assigning an initial value to each missing data element inthe at least one region; and
 - (c) instructions for performing the following operations on each of the n layers (c)(1) evaluating a plurality of orthogonal transforms over layer n,
 - (c)(2) thresholding select transform coefficients in layer n using a threshold to determine a set of transform coefficients that have absolute values below the threshold.
 - (c)(3) constructing a selection matrix using the set of transform coefficients determined in (c)(2),
 - (c)(4) constructing a system of linear equations based on the selection matrix constructed in (c)(3), and
- 15 (c)(5) solving the system of linear equations constructed in (c)(4) to solve for the missing data elements in layer n.
 - 22. The machine-readable medium of claim 21, wherein each of the operations (c)(1) through (c)(5) is performed only once per year.
- 23. The machine-readable medium of claim 21, wherein the instructions for thresholding comprises instructions for hard-thresholding.
 - 24. The machine-readable medium of claim 21, wherein the at least one region in which at least some data is missing contains at least one of an edge or a texture feature.
- 25. The machine-readable medium of claim 21, wherein the plurality of orthogonal transforms comprises (i) a discrete cosine transform and a predetermined number of its overcomplete shifts, (ii) a wavelet transform and a

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predetermined number of its overcomplete shifts, or (iii) a Fourier transform and a predetermined number of its overcomplete shifts.

- 26. The machine-readable medium of claim 21, wherein the digital signal is an image or video frame comprised of a plurality of pixels and the at least one region in which at least some data is missing comprises at least some pixels that are missing.
- 27. The machine-readable medium of claim 26, wherein all of the pixels from the at least one region are missing.
- 28. A machine-readable medium having a program of instructions for directing a machine to perform a process of predicting lost regions in a digital representation, the program comprising:
- (a) instructions for adaptively determining a selection matrix for each of n layers of a region in which at least some data is missing, n being an integer greater than or equal to 1;
- (b) instructions for constructing a system of linear equations based on each selection matrix; and
 - (c) instructions for solving each constructed system of linear equations to solve for the missing data in the corresponding layer n.
 - 29. The machine-readable medium of claim 28, wherein the instructions for adaptively determining a selection matrix for each of n layers comprises instructions for adaptively determining each selection matrix based on the image and information in an area surrounding the region in which at least some data is missing.
 - 30. The machine-readable medium of claim 28, wherein the instructions for adaptively determining a selection matrix for each of n layers comprises instructions for adaptively determining, based on the image and information in an area surrounding the region in which at least some data is missing, a set of

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transform coefficients that have absolute values below a threshold, and then determining the corresponding selection matrix therefrom.

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